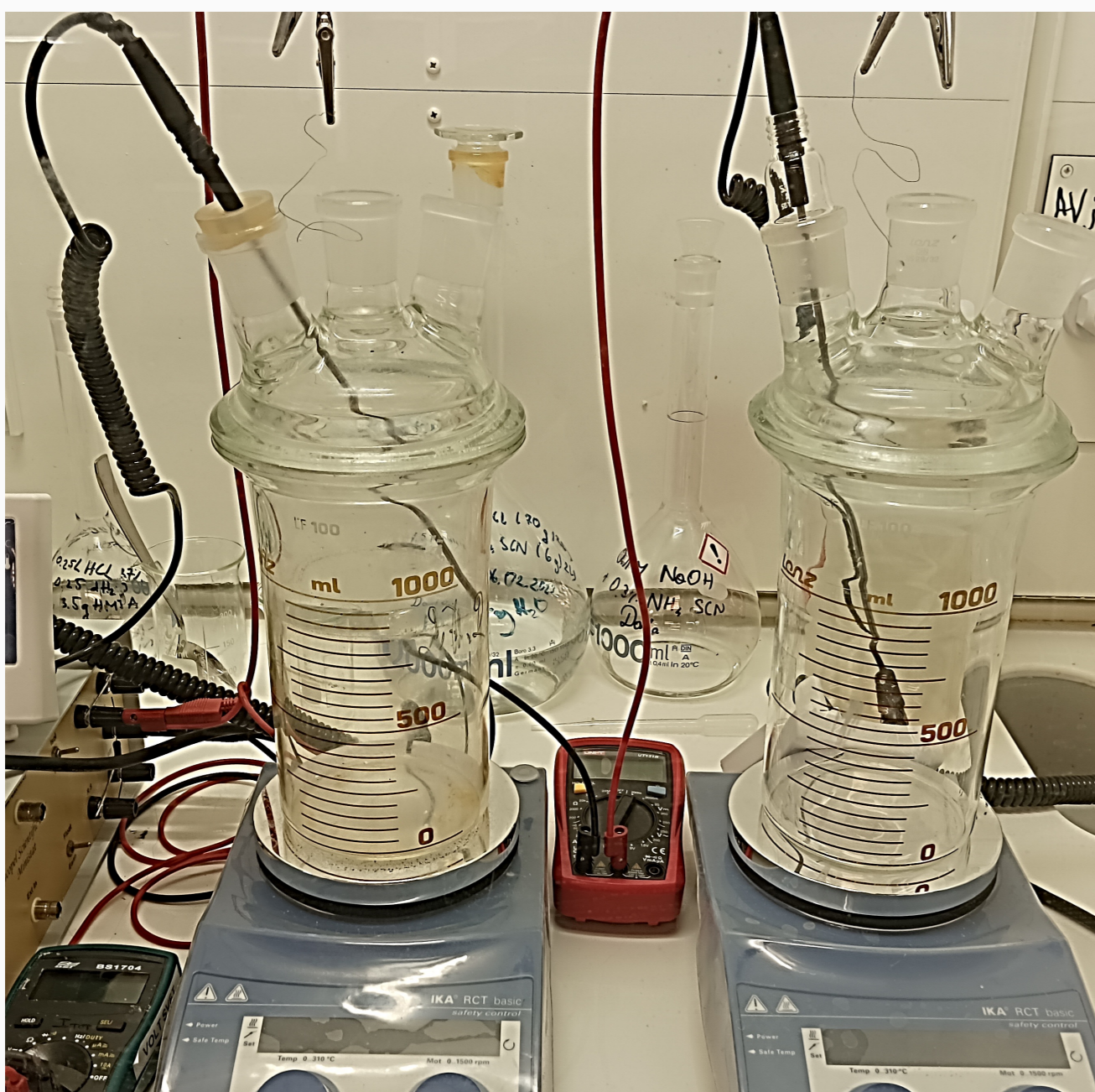


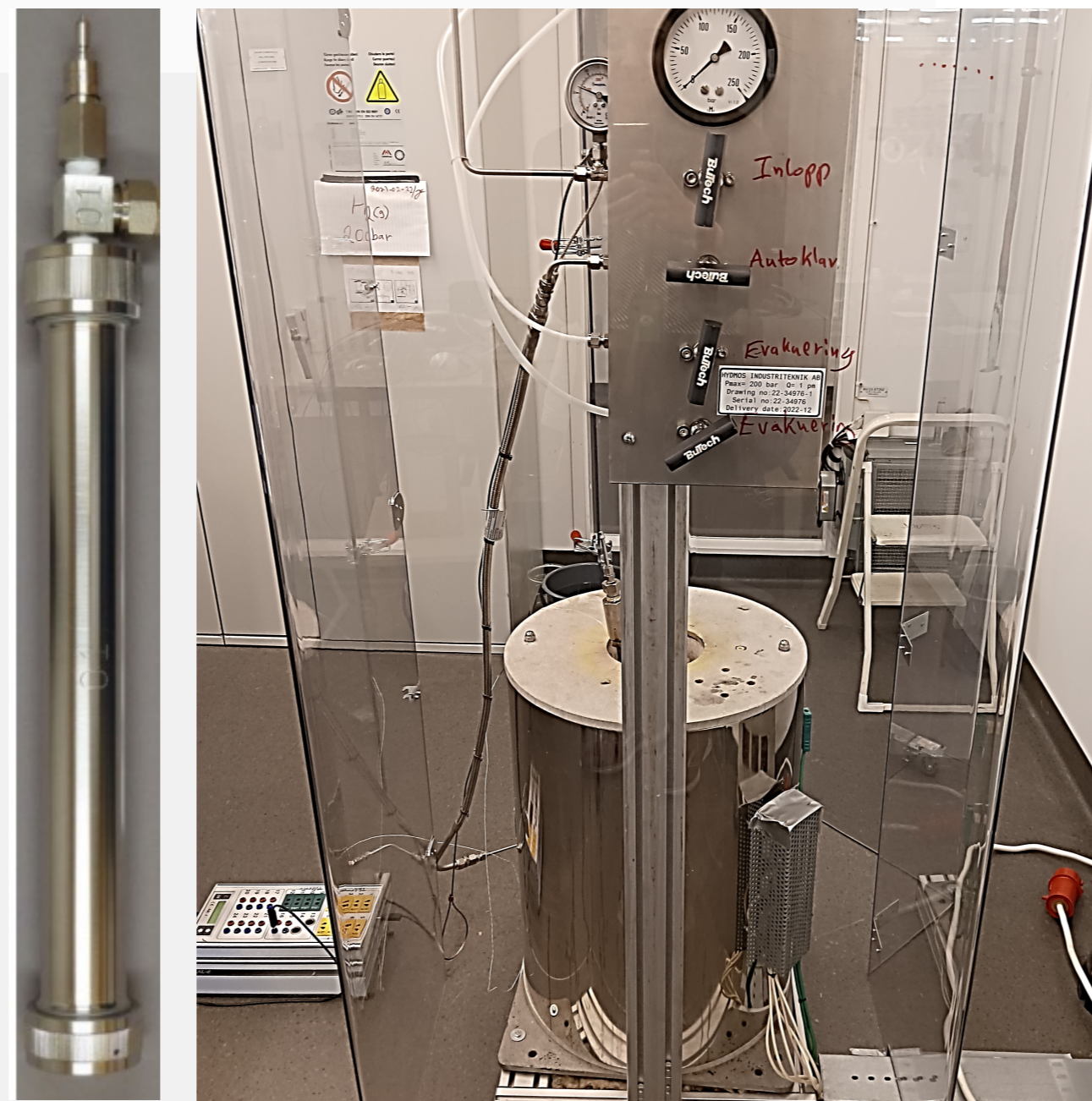
Hydrogen-related measurements

How is hydrogen artificially introduced into metals?



Cathodic charging in electrochemical cell

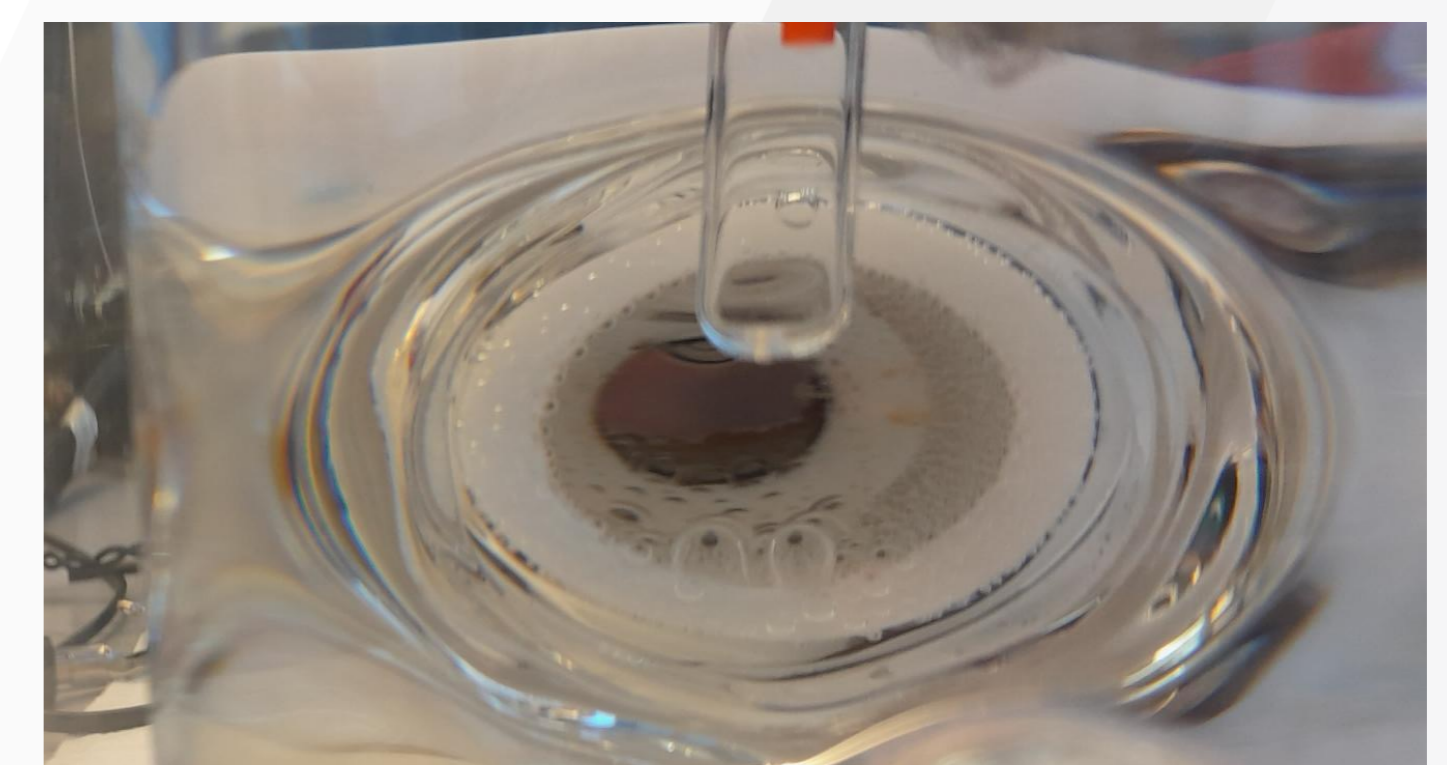
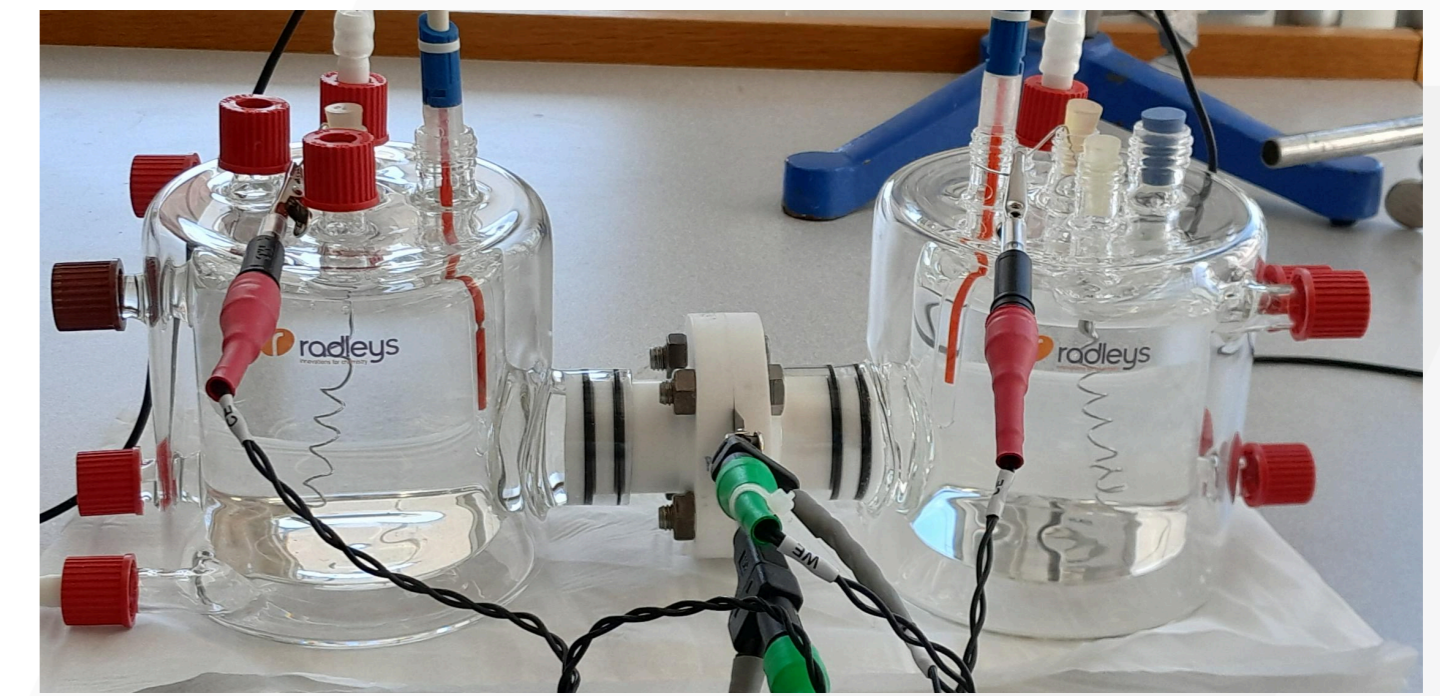
- ▶ In an electrochemical cell, the sample acts as a cathode and a Pt counter electrode as an anode.
- ▶ By applying a cathodic current to the sample, hydrogen is created on the sample surface and diffuses inside the material.
- ▶ Recombination poisons, time and increased temperature can be used to increase the hydrogen introduction.
- ▶ Sample size: 10x20x60 mm.



Gas charging in autoclave

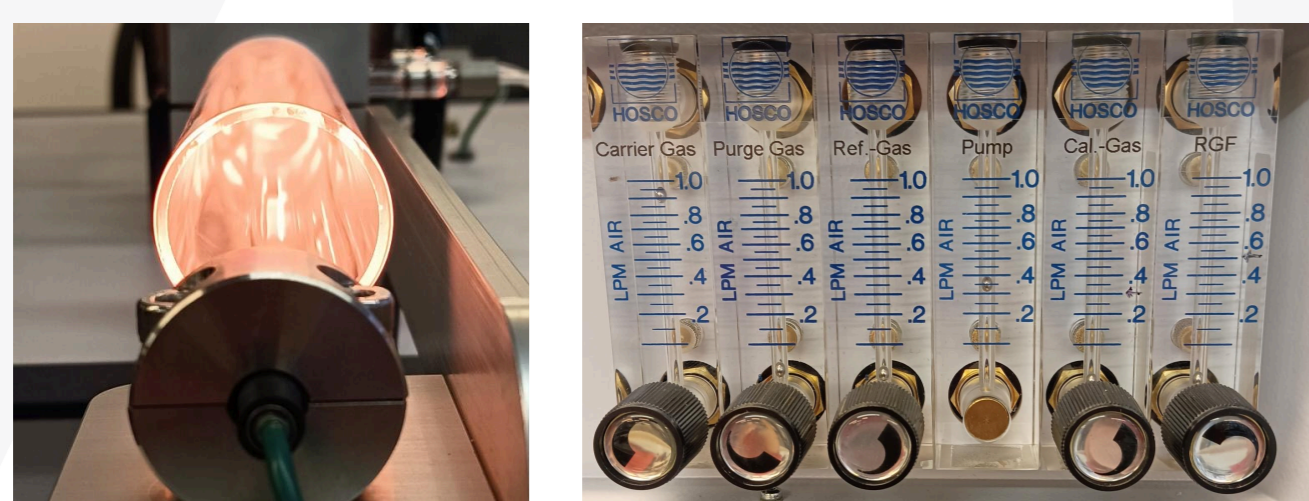
- ▶ Samples are exposed to hydrogen gas under high pressures and high temperatures.
- ▶ Used for pre-charging specimens and/or for evaluating the effect of microstructure, coatings and deformation on hydrogen uptake.
- ▶ Maximum temperature: 900 °C, maximum pressure: 300 bar.
- ▶ Sample size: $\leq 10 \times 10 \times 150$ mm.

How is the diffusion of hydrogen in metals measured?



Devanathan cell – electrochemical measurement of diffusion coefficient of hydrogen in metals

- ▶ Hydrogen is produced in one cell filled with an electrolyte solution and detected in another.
- ▶ Both cells are separated by a thin plate of the metal to be characterized.
- ▶ The measured amount of permeation current allows conclusions about the diffusion rate of hydrogen through the metal plate.
- ▶ Sample size: Diameter 15x1 mm.



How is the hydrogen content in metals measured?

Thermal Desorption Mass Spectrometry (TDMS) – Quantification of hydrogen in metals

- ▶ TDMS using a Bruker Galileo G8 spectroscope with integrated impulse furnace and coupled with mass spectrometry MS.
- ▶ Total hydrogen content (melt extraction): The samples are melted in a graphite crucible. Resulting gases are analyzed using a mass spectrometer.
- ▶ Diffusible and deeply trapped hydrogen content (tube furnace): samples are heated up with a certain heating rate and gases analyzed with MS.
- ▶ Accuracy: ca. 10 ppb hydrogen.
- ▶ Sample size: Total hydr.: $\leq 4 \times 4 \times 4$ mm, diffusible hydr.: $\leq 20 \times 20 \times 60$ mm.

